

Exercice 2

$$(E): y'' + 25y = 0$$

$$1) (E) \text{ de la forme } y'' + \omega^2 y = 0 \text{ où } \omega^2 = 25 (\Rightarrow \omega = 5)$$

$$\Rightarrow f \text{ solution de } (E) (\Rightarrow) f(x) = A \cos(5x) + B \sin(5x)$$

$$2) f \text{ solution de } (E) (\Rightarrow) f(x) = A \cos(5x) + B \sin(5x)$$

$$f\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = -2 \Rightarrow A \cos\left(\frac{5\pi}{6}\right) + B \sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{6}\right) = -2 (\Rightarrow) -A \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{B}{2} = -2$$

$$\Rightarrow -\sqrt{3}A + B = -4$$

$$f'(x) = -5A \sin(5x) + 5B \cos(5x)$$

$$\text{et } f'(0) = -5 \Rightarrow -5A \underbrace{\sin 0}_0 + 5B \underbrace{\cos 0}_1 = -5 (\Rightarrow) 5B = -5 (\Rightarrow) B = -1$$

$$\text{et donc } -\sqrt{3}A - 1 = -4 \Rightarrow -\sqrt{3}A = -3 \Rightarrow A = \frac{-3}{-\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\text{donc } f(x) = \sqrt{3} \cos 5x - \sin 5x$$

$$3) 2 \cos\left(5x + \frac{\pi}{6}\right) = 2 \left(\cos 5x \cos \frac{\pi}{6} - \sin 5x \sin \frac{\pi}{6} \right)$$

$$= 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos 5x - \frac{1}{2} \sin 5x \right) = \sqrt{3} \cos 5x - \sin 5x = f(x)$$

$$4) \mu = \text{valeur moyenne de } f \text{ sur } \left[0; \frac{\pi}{6}\right]$$

$$\mu = \frac{1}{\frac{\pi}{6} - 0} \int_0^{\pi/6} f(x) dx = \frac{6}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi/6} 2 \cos\left(5x + \frac{\pi}{6}\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{12}{\pi} \left[\frac{1}{5} \sin\left(5x + \frac{\pi}{6}\right) \right]_0^{\pi/6} = \frac{12}{\pi} \times \frac{1}{5} \left(\underbrace{\sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{6} + \frac{\pi}{6}\right)}_{=\sin \pi = 0} - \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{12}{5\pi} \left(-\sin \frac{\pi}{6} \right) = -\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{12}{5\pi} = -\frac{6}{5\pi}$$